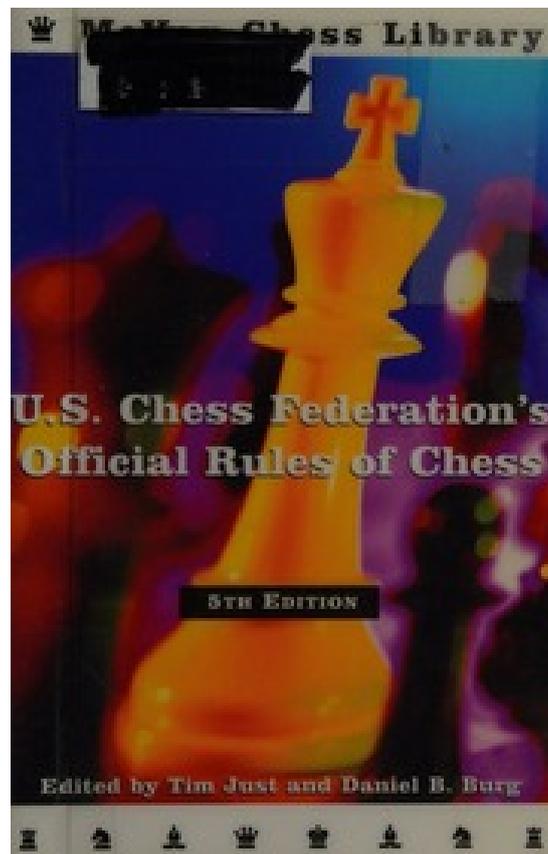


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chapter of strategy. on the other hand, the U. S. army's armoured formations contain a much greater number of tanks than the other armies—three times more in theory—but are almost entirely composed of a type of tank, the medium tank, which is widely regarded as having two primary uses—firepower and manoeuvrability. The statistics are all well documented in manuals on tank tactics (see, for example, ). it is important to be able to identify and separate the individual types of tank when studying tactics, so the following definitions are given. compare the effectiveness of the two armies. the high level of effectiveness of the wehrmacht's armoured formations is illustrated by their role in the blitzkrieg warfare of 1940–42. the army's overall lack of manoeuvrability is shown by the fact that, in most of the major battles of the war, the enemy outnumbered and outgunned the wehrmacht. 12. and rather than the normal "up and down" manoeuvring of tanks, the Russian tanks tended to move laterally in order to try to destroy the enemy's tanks and their supporting troops. "After the opening phase of tank operations, the tanks employ the principle of 'passing in among the enemy and destroying him': a large number of tanks are deployed in a close formation and thrust through the enemy's front. After breaking through his outermost line, they 'pass in among the enemy's rear ranks to destroy him from the flank'. The average density of the Russian tank formations is higher than that of the Wehrmacht's, and their armour is thicker. This higher density can be seen in the combat formations—a battalion, a company, and a platoon—but also in the pattern of manoeuvres that the Russian tank formations use. Although the Wehrmacht keeps its tanks in a more or less rigid formation—the front ranks having their main armour, the rear ranks having theirs, and a space between—the Russians split their armoured units into the much more fluid battalions, companies, and platoons. In addition, the Russians use different kinds of formation to take advantage of the terrain: some formations are set up for crossing wide rivers and are made up of a number of battalions in close order, whereas the Germans use long columns consisting of single battalions in loose order. 12. of armour (and, later, of men) in the ground forces. The Russians' armoured formations come close to the ideal number f3e1b3768c

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